Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XVIII. CHICAGO, MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1864. NUMBER 97.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

ANOTHER VICTORY—THE REBELS REPULSED BY GEN. BUTLER.

THEY ARE DRIVEN TO THEIR INNER LINE AROUND RICHMOND.

IMMENSE CAPTURE OF SUPPLIES BY SHERIDAN.

EARLY RELIEVED BY LONGSTREET AND GONE TO RICHMOND.

THE VICTORY AT ALATOONA—CAPTURE OF FORREST'S TRAINS.

Gen. Sherman's Peace Overtures Rejected by Gov. Brown.

Important from Missouri —Reported Defeat of Magruder.

A REBEL VICTORY CLAIMED IN WEST VIRGINIA.

Great Depression in the Markets—Gold 197 1-2.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Monday, Oct. 9—9:00.

To Major General Dix:

This Department has received the following report of the enemy's assault yesterday, on General Butler's line, their subsequent repulse, and General Birney's brilliant action, driving the enemy to their inner line of intrenchments around Richmond:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA, October 7—8:30 p. m.

Lieutenant General Grant:

At 6:30 this morning, the enemy having moved Fields' and Hoke's divisions from the left at Chaffin's Farm road to our right at Bermuda, he vigorously attacked with spirit Kautz's cavalry in their intrenchments, and drove them back with equal loss of men, but with the loss of his artillery. The enemy suffered considerable loss in this attack.

The enemy, in addition, charged down the intrenchments to ards Birney, who having thrown back his right, resisted their assault, and repulsed it with very heavy loss on the part of the enemy. In the meantime the movement advanced towards Newmarket, but it were met by a force at the signal tower. At 7 o'clock in the afternoon I took the offensive with my right, Birney with two divisions up the Darbytown road, the enemy retreating as he advanced, and Birney has reached and occupies the intrenchments which the enemy took from Kautz, and were fortifying for their inner line. One hundred and fifty is not one-eighth that of the enemy. We have about 100 prisoners.

B. F. BUTLER, Major General.

HEADQUARTERS TENTH ARMY CORPS,
Oct. 7—10:15 a. m.

We have repulsed the attack of the enemy on our right flank with great slaughter. The troops seem to be Fields' and Pickett's divisions. I send you a batch of prisoners. I am expecting my right flank. The enemy seem to be intrenching on the Darbytown road.

(Signed) D. E. BIRNEY, Maj. Gen.
HEADQUARTERS DEPT. VIRGINIA AND N. C.,
Oct. 7—10:30 p. m.

Lieut. Gen. Grant:

Birney has repulsed Kautz's old position and holds the line from the inner line of intrenchments around Richmond, extending to the Darbytown road, to connect with Weitzel on the left, on Fort Harrison.

There has been no movement at Petersburg today.

We have much the best of this day's work. One thousand at least of the enemy were killed and wounded, and 100 prisoners and a shot-gun. Gen. Gregg, commanding Fields' division, is reported by a lady who saw the body, as killed.

No dispatches have been received from the commands of Generals Sherman, Rosecrans or Sheridan later than were reported in my telegram of yesterday.

E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
October 7.

All is quiet in front at Petersburg. The weather is fine and favorable for military operations. Important events may be expected soon.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.

The *Herald's* 5th Corps correspondent, October 6th, says: "All is quiet in the vicinity of Poplar Spring Church. Newspaper map locates this place on the South Side Railroad, or very near there, and from the fact of our holding it, it seems that we hold the South Side Railroad, or are so near doing it that the rebel communication by this road is interrupted. Pop at Boiling Church is that point. The rebels ran off the South Side road, and although they have sent in heavy reinforcements to their forces from our present position, the enemy still hold the road and use it.

The *Herald's* Army of the James correspondent, October 8th, says: "The situation on the north side remains unchanged. About the usual number of deserters came into our lines during the night, and the usual report of affairs in the beleaguered capital of rebeldom.

"To-day we received tidings that in the excitement of last Thursday the family of Jeff. Davis packed their sacred trunks and started for the far south-west.

"The Richmond papers give a somewhat picture of the consternation that prevailed there on our approach then say that have been previously received. Large assortment in cards for gold were offered in the gold room with the effect of promptly pulling down the price, which opened at 85½, but closed at 80.

"A large detachment of Pe—sters have just arrived, and are now paying off in a corps. Many have been paid for seven months.

The *Herald's* 18th Corps correspondent, October 6 h, says: "As yet the quiet along the front has not been disturbed by either party. Nothing worse than monotony."

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Passengers by the mail boat to-day report that when they left City Point yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, heavy firing had been going on for four or five hours in Butler's Department of the James. When the rebels made their second attack, they took our troops by surprise.

Gen. Warren and staff are in Washington to-day.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Panic in the Markets—Rumored Occupation of Lynchburg—Political. Interesting General News Summary.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, Saturday, Oct. 8.

The jump which gold took yesterday was produced by the desperate effort of speculators in merchandise who, having large stocks on hand, are making herculean efforts to save themselves from ruin. There was, however, no general advance in prices noticeable. In fact, during the week quotations were merely nominal, as the few buyers who were in the market had things their own way. Some of the jobbers have been selling their goods at a fair range of prices. It is reported that Claflin, Mellen & Co. on Monday and Wednesday to sell standard prints at prices from twenty-four to twenty-six cents and on Thursday Stoumer offered the same goods at one cent per yard less, and at these prices they said to have sold 400 cases, making a loss on them of $10 per case, or $80,000 on the whole lot. Several heavy dry goods jobbing and commission houses are in hot water, and it is not yet certain whether they will get through or go down.

The last ten days, but none of them of sufficient amount to create any real feeling in all the markets is still panic-stricken, though prudence has returned some. The confidence is felt and gold is almost down. Stocks sympathize, and many think next week will see another break worse than anything we have had. This feeling has brought out the short sellers in stocks. One house sold yesterday 10,000 shares, seller thirty days.

There is a rumor this afternoon to the effect that private advices state Lynchburg has been captured by our army. It appears to have gained some credence, as it is locally prominent.

The democracy in Brooklyn are at loggerheads, and two sets of Congressional Assembly and city candidates are in the field. There are very bitter towards each other, and say that an arrangement or harmony can be made. James Brooks, of the *Expr ess*, lost the nomination for Congress in his district, and is announced to run as a stump candidate. Wilshire is the regular nominee.

Carl Schurz made an eloquent speech at an immense Union meeting last night.

General Grant, of Illinois, has been doing good service on stumping in New Jersey. He is a popular and effective speaker, and the democracy are terribly afraid of him.

NEW YORK, Saturday, Oct. 8.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says: Rear admiral Lee has issued a list of prizes captured by his squadron. The Rear Admiral has realized an immense fortune from these prizes, and the friends of Farragut claim that he might have had a chance to reap some of the benefits, or close up Wilmington harbor.

Large numbers of prisoners are daily brought in from the front to City Point. Three hundred and five wounded arrived at Washington to-day, mostly from the 5th army corps.

NEW YORK, Saturday, Oct. 8.—The *Herald's* Washington special says it has been officially decided that gas companies who have charged consumers the internal revenue tax previous to June 30, 1864, must refund it forthwith.

NEW YORK, Saturday, Oct. 8th.—The military news of yesterday has checked the speculation and fine gold. Large assortment in cards for gold were offered in the gold room with the effect of promptly pulling down the price, which opened at 85½, but closed at 80.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Gold closed at the evening board at 197½.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The first mail overland from Denver since the stoppage, which was ordered imperative by Indian troubles, arrived here this morning. There will now be a regular daily mail with the Pacific coast till about the 1st of January, when the snows fall heavily upon the Sierra Nevada.

Last winter coaches were stopped by the snow for more than a month, but the winter previous not a trip was omitted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The *Post's* Washington special says General Lee has proposed to exchange all the pet-cents taken in front of Petersburg—negroes excepted.

NEW YORK, Sunday evening, Oct. 9.—Rumors are rife that Secretary Stanton is about to leave the Cabinet.

Our Midnight Dispatches—The Market—The Situation Before Richmond —General News.

[Special Dispatch to the Western Press.]

NEW YORK, Saturday, Oct. 8—midnight.

THE MARKETS.

The markets continue depressed under the military aspect reported yesterday by Secretary Stanton. The situation is construed unfavorable to movements for an advance. There appears to be very little disposition among outsiders to buy or sell, and the market is altogether with the brokers, with the balance of power on the side of the bears. At the morning board there was a general decline in securities, except Government's, which though dull were firm. A report that Butler has whipped Lee, freely circulated, assisted the downward move. Railroad bonds steady with light sales. Mining stocks—prices declined heavily throughout. Bank shares dull. Gold opened at 193½, gradually declined to 193½, and rose again to 194. The call interest was in a set ve, and very limited. Canal paper dull. Rates unchanged for call loans. Miscellaneous securities, rates 1 per cent, and supply ample. Coal shares firm on bituminous stock list.

THE PETROLEUM EXCHANGE.

The subscription to the Petroleum Exchange is filled with first class names, and the institution will soon be under headway. The members met on Monday to elect officers.

DRY GOODS.

Dispatches of dry goods f r the week are very flatt r, the total being only about half as large as for the corresponding week last year. The dry goods trade continues unsettled.

PROVISIONS.

Pork was quite lively during the past few days of the week. Much higher prices were had, towards the close the tendency was in favor of buyers. Other provisions were dull and unimportant—business generally dull.

BREADSTUFFS

Great depression in Breadstuffs, opening weak in sympathy with the downfall in gold.

The *Tribune's* Washington special of the 7th says, the rebels have left all their intrenched fortifications on the north side of the James river, and have retired to the inner line of intrenchments around Richmond. After driving in our pickets on Friday night, the rebels formed in line of battle under Kautz, the rebels for the most part being killed and wounded or hors s lost eight times as great as ours sustained in resisting the assault.

Attack immediately previous cost Lee a thousand men to no purpose and spread much strong ment Richmond, the spires of which are plainly visible to our advance. The rebel papers have not yet ed with the entire results of the regular which seems to have been at as decisive as that of any of the others. r dispatches from Grant's army, lat- ing, report a partial repulse to a portion ir line northeast the James River, on Friday.

The ground we lost was recovered, but or our batteries fell into rebel hands, about ten thousand of the rebel army understood to be lying before Butler's ion. The rest of Lee's army is contest- r hold on the south side of the rail-

Washington special despatch of Sunday night, contains the remarkable letter of the Blair, bringing to light the details of recent self-constituted mission to secure ment in loyal ranks. It is simply and yet ingly told, evincing in the events and the manner of the writer strive a spirit of pure atism it will be impossible for all loyal ot to admire, and which will perma- ly lend lustre to Mr. Blair's relations to war effort with which he has himself es- the first time according to his private ac- this grave old patriot, Little Mac will born to a deserved fate in history t- ed with a selfish littleness which shrank to peril his country and her cause that might grasp position for himself.

ur dispatches of Sunday night change the rumor of a victory by Gen. Barbridge Southwest Virginia to an actual repulse, ough we have been forced to refire before a ds stronger force.

ndians in the country will do well to ex- ine our lists of appointments on the third e, to which additions have been made in s issue.

he telegraph has given our readers brief acts from the speech Jeff Davis recently ered in Macon, Georgia, but we have not ed this morning been able to give it to the ers of the West. It will be found to be desperate in its tone, and to give unmista- able evidences that the Confederacy is ebling to pieces. His talk about the des- nate necessity of defeating Sherman will ow light on the news of recent offensive ent operations in Georgia, reported to-day. says that two-thirds of the rebel soldiers absent from the ranks, "some sick, some ded, and many of them absent without ve- ave." The title the story.

en. Wilson, who has just arrived from erdan's headquarters at Harrisonburg, presents that the destruction and capture rebel property by our cavalry, in their ent raid in the vicinity of Staunton, ers on a colossal scale and most complete their execution. More than one hundred thousand bushels of wheat have been ac- ually cut up, and a herd of 2,400 cattle sheep was brought back to Harrison- The latter prize compensates for the heft lately made by the rebels on Rose River.

The New York markets are again depressed d the bears are in clover. Gold opened at 3, but the military news gave it a down- ard turn and it closed at the evening ses- n at 197½, selling during the day as low 193.

The victory at Alatoona was very com- ete, leaving in our hands from four to six ndred wounded rebels and the contents several rebel hospitals thereabouts, and followed up by the capture of Forrest's ons trains, a most cheering piece of intel- nce. At last accounts Forrest was mak- for Florence, Ala., where there is a large ion force, and where a battle may be ly expected.

Changes in the rebel army are plenty. ngstreet relieves Early and Beauregard es Hood, and thus two used up Gen- s are laid upon the shelf. Breckinridge s into south Western Virginia, Hardee is ed and Imboden is reported dead by rebel papers.

Mr. Wentworth authorizes us to say that will address the people of Ottawa on dnesday evening next.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Operations, Reinforcement of our Cavalry—We are now too much for Forrest—Numerous Position.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

NASHVILLE, Oct. 5, 1864.

The great want at this department has been mounted men; we had men in sufficient numbers, but they were dismounted, and the result has been that while important points could be defended against Forrest's men, no pursuit could be made of him and the rebels could move around from point to point, and rapidly long as they liked, with the Tennessee's communications constantly in terror. But the arrival of some 2,000 mounted men from Kentucky, and some 3,000 horses to mount them, has now given us a cavalry force sufficient in men and which is becoming well organized, and not only to drive him, but to divide at him or of.

It is evident that the wily rebel has learned of the accession to our mounted forces, for he sent his forces on several block houses in the vicinity south, and they commenced retreating towards Duck river, but by what road I have not learned, probably by the Shelbyville road, as the whole force which moved up from Stevenson by way ford of the river above Florence, and which has been operating on the Tennessee river, came across, except in the very lowest stages of the water, and consequently the Tennessee was low enough that the rebels could ford it at any time by riding rapidly, so that gun-boats can be of no use on the shoals, though it is possible that if there are any to be so employed, Forrest must cross on boats; and of course, doubtless, in our possession by this time, and they can only get off with such forces as they can subsist from the country, which is not deficient in that arm of the service.

Rumors of the raiders to strike the Chattanooga road will doubtless cause great mortification among the rebel authorities. Hood moved to the southward to Atlanta, in order to be a support to the cavalry expedition, but with the destruction of them almost without resistance, what will he have to fall back upon?

Gen. Wilson, who has just arrived from Sheridan's headquarters at Harrisonburg, presents that the destruction and capture of rebel property by our cavalry, in their great raid in the vicinity of Staunton, were on a colossal scale and most complete in their execution. More than one hundred thousand bushels of wheat have been actually cut up, and a herd of 2,400 cattle and sheep was brought back to Harrisonburg. The latter prize compensates for the heavy theft lately made by the rebels on the Rose River.

The New York markets are again depressed and the bears are in clover. Gold opened at 194, but the military news gave it a downward turn and it closed at the evening session at 197½, selling during the day as low as 193.

The victory at Alatoona was very complete, leaving in our hands from four to six hundred wounded rebels and the contents of several rebel hospitals thereabouts, and followed up by the capture of Forrest's supply trains, a most cheering piece of intelligence. At last accounts Forrest was making for Florence, Ala., where there is a large rebel force, and where a battle may be hourly expected.

Changes in the rebel army are plenty. Longstreet relieves Early and Beauregard relieves Hood, and thus two used up Generals are laid upon the shelf. Breckinridge goes into south Western Virginia, Hardee is ordered and Imboden is reported dead by the rebel papers.

Mr. Wentworth authorizes us to say that he will address the people of Ottawa on Wednesday evening next.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Operations, Reinforcement of our Cavalry—We are now too much for Forrest—Numerous Position.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

NASHVILLE, Oct. 5, 1864.

The great want at this department has been mounted men; we had men in sufficient numbers, but they were dismounted, and the result has been that while important points could be defended against Forrest's men, no pursuit could be made of him and the rebels could move around from point to point, and rapidly long as they liked, with the Tennessee's communications constantly in terror. But the arrival of some 2,000 mounted men from Kentucky, and some 3,000 horses to mount them, has now given us a cavalry force sufficient in men and which is becoming well organized, and not only to drive him, but to divide at him or of.

It is evident that the wily rebel has learned of the accession to our mounted forces, for he sent his forces on several block houses in the vicinity south, and they commenced retreating towards Duck river, but by what road I have not learned, probably by the Shelbyville road, as the whole force which moved up from Stevenson by way ford of the river above Florence, and which has been operating on the Tennessee river, came across, except in the very lowest stages of the water, and consequently the Tennessee was low enough that the rebels could ford it at any time by riding rapidly, so that gun-boats can be of no use on the shoals, though it is possible that if there are any to be so employed, Forrest must cross on boats; and of course, doubtless, in our possession by this time, and they can only get off with such forces as they can subsist from the country, which is not deficient in that arm of the service.

Rumors of the raiders to strike the Chattanooga road will doubtless cause great mortification among the rebel authorities. Hood moved to the southward to Atlanta, in order to be a support to the cavalry expedition, but with the destruction of them almost without resistance, what will he have to fall back upon?

Gen. Wilson, who has just arrived from Sheridan's headquarters at Harrisonburg, presents that the destruction and capture of rebel property by our cavalry, in their great raid in the vicinity of Staunton, were on a colossal scale and most complete in their execution. More than one hundred thousand bushels of wheat have been actually cut up, and a herd of 2,400 cattle and sheep was brought back to Harrisonburg. The latter prize compensates for the heavy theft lately made by the rebels on

Chicago Tribune.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1864.

HISTORY OF THE CHICAGO NIGGER CAMPAIGN.

Yesterday we published the sensation letter of Judge Wm. D. Kelly of Philadelphia, in answer to the letter of Gen. Nagles

Judge Kelley, it should be remembered made the statement in a speech that Gen. McClellan was not the originator of the Peace-Disunion campaign, but that "the country was deluded" for it to Senators Latham and Rice. Gen. Nagles denied that statement, and went into the history, not of the origin of that campaign, but of the council of war that Gen. McClellan submitted to it. He was also answered in Lincoln and anyone on Stanton whom he charged with having overlooked Kelly with his version of that famous council of war. Judge Kelly now reiterates his statements, and goes more deeply into the facts of the origin of the campaign in question, and shows conclusively, that although he had been in command at the head of 210,000 idle soldiers, per-sons employed by the President, to do two things forth-With; first organize his army into grand corps; second, within ten days to report a plan of a campaign, under penalty of removal.

"Several" of the ten days passed and no "plan" was furnished. McClellan had no plan, was unable to devise one, and in this desperate condition of affairs Brig. Gen. Nagles, his man of all work and satellite was brought to Washington from Lower Maryland, where he commanded a brigade under Maj. Gen. Hooker—and with aid of Senators Rice of Minnesota, and Latham of California, the illustrious trio concocted the plan of operations, which poor little mackerel gladly accepted. Gen. Nagles then "packed" a council of war of twelve division commanders to approve the plan, ringing himself in as one of the Council although he was nothing but a brig. dier, and leaving out such officers as Gen. Hooker, his superior in rank. Eight of the twelve officers of that famous council of war reported to the President in favor of adopting the plan of operations devised by Rice, Nagles and Latham and fathered on McClellan.

After the thing was thus cooked up and McClellan retained in command of the army, Gen. Nagles was so overjoyed at the success of his "plan" that he told the whole secret to several of his friends, and publicly boasted of his prominent share in the transaction in the cars between Philadelphia and Baltimore. Such is the substance of this extraordinary revelation. Judge Kelly's letter has produced a panic among the mackerel supporters in the Eastern States, as it exposes McClellan's utter emptiness in a very disagreeable way.

AN HONEST AVOWAL.

The Abolitionists if they can succeed in abolishing slavery from the country. Our interests consist in maintaining our rights with our old friends and political allies, the slaveholders, (also Southern rebels) and in preserving slavery." It was hardly necessary for the Judge to add that he was no politician. Repudiating the platform till after election is a device which Judge Caton scorns. Of course, he is no politician.

While we commend the Judge for his frankness, he will pardon us if we criticise the views which he so ably and candidly enforces. That the interests of the Democratic party lie with the slaveholders who have taken up arms against their country, and who are committing flagrant treason every hour, we do not deny. Every political event of the past three years proves it. The Chicago Convention enunciated the doctrine most forcibly when it called for "an immediate cessation of hostilities." Gen. McClellan enunciated it in his political letter to the President, written after his arrival at Harrison's Landing on a gunboat. Gen. Burnside enunciated it in his political letter written a few months ago. Gen. Fitz John Porter has undoubtedly enunciated it many times since the war began. Mr. Pendleton has consistently held to this doctrine during his whole political life. But we doubt if anybody has presented it in clearer light or pressed the reasons more cogently than Judge Caton. At least two-eighths of the Democratic party of the United States are in rebellion against the Government. The other three-eighths, finding themselves in a minority throughout the North, naturally long to embrace their brethren and secure their assistance in regaining political power. They cannot afford to have them, or their peculiar institution, killed off. Their hearts yearn for their "political allies" as Judge Caton truthfully terms them—such allies as Jefferson Davis, G. T. Beauregard, and Judah P. Benjamin. Their existence as a party depends upon their future as a blank unless they can stop the dreadful war, which is killing their "old friends" so fast.

What becomes of the charge that Mr. Lincoln is fighting to destroy slavery, when we have here the avowal that the Democracy ought to fight to preserve slavery? We sincerely and ardently hope that slavery may be destroyed, either by the casualties of war, or by amendment of the Constitution. But we put it to those who think differently, whether it is not better to fight against slavery than for it. Judge Caton thinks it is better to fight for it. We ask the people whether they think the institution of slavery, when brought on the war, which has stain our sons and oppressed us with debt is such a boon and a blessing that we ought now to exert ourselves to maintain it. Those who believe that it is will vote for McClellan. He is the candidate whose "political allies" are arrayed in arms under Lee and Hood and Forrest. He is the candidate who will find his interest in "remaintaining our relations with our old friends" in the rebel armies.

ENCOURAGEMENT—NOT FOR THE "COPPERHEADS."

The fact that the Chairman of the National Democratic Committee is the agent of the Rothschilds gives the Copperheads an immense advantage in receiving an unlimited amount of funds from the money kings of the old rotten despotisms of Europe in order to secure the election of McClellan and the destruction of the Government. That Copperhead Democracy and European despotism are working for the same end, there cannot be a particle of doubt. The hand of Belmont is most directly seen in the second plank of the Copperhead platform, and in fact it is demonstrable from the language of it, that it was all made in the interest of Jeff. Davis and his allies, the aristocrats and despots of Europe. Shrewd, far-seeing men in the other side of the Atlantic understand this matter perfectly. One of our citizens who has been making an extensive tour in Europe, writes to the Treasurer of the Union Stap Central Committee as follows:

"Enclosed is an order on ——— for three hundred dollars, to aid the Union party in publishing and disseminating that proper information in order to secure the re-election of Abraham Lincoln to the office of President of the United States, and to aid in the election of the nominee of that party in the State of Illinois. * * *

Special Notices.

Unrivaled

"SWEETS OF ALL QUALITY IS THE NEW VENETIAN HAIR DYE."

"QUEEN OF THE DYES OF A CENTURY."

"THE HAIR DYE."

"ONE BOTTLE." Never complete in two applications.

"ONE DOLLAR." Sold by all druggists everywhere at one dollar per bottle.

"DOES IT, DIDN'T IT?" Your customers are so informed by the dealers who sell it.

"SICK, FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE." Sold by druggists at that price, and is in every case worth a dollar.

"A GEM." Is the opinion of Mayor ANSONIA HAIR DYE, which never fails. Sold by druggists.

"A FAIR TRIAL." Of Mayor ANSONIA HAIR DYE will convince the most skeptical. Sold by druggists.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

The Genuine ANSONIA HAIR DYE is the best and only reliable HAIR DYE in the world. The HAIR DYE MARKING TAGS and SALT-PETRE BOTTLES are counterfeited. Don't buy Hair Dye that contains Salt-Petre. Buy Hair Dye that is NATURE'S OWN HAIR DYE. The genuine is sold by druggists, hairdressers, and perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 19 Park Place, New York. Factory, Ansonia, Conn. Sold by all Druggists, &c. Factory at Ansonia, Conn. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York. Cream for Dressing the Hair. Sold by all Druggists, &c. Factory at Ansonia, Conn. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York.

In the Year 1845

Mrs. Gen. prepared the VENETIAN HAIR DYE, and from that time was used by thousands. Its reputation has been established for twenty years, and any medicine that would prevent an old man from turning gray until 70 or 80 years of age, is not bad a service. Sold by druggists. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York.

Dr. JAMES, of Boston, Mass., Author of "Consumption Cured," &c., &c., may be consulted in the world-renowned remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, at his office, No. 19 Park Place, New York. Pamphlets sent free by mail. Sold by druggists. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York.

Dr. J. M. JONES, of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Philadelphia, says:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

Dr. LOUIS WAGNER, now in charge of the Pectoral Balsam of Cinnamon and Horehound, has been in constant use in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used.

DOWLING, of New York, writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

Dr. WAGNER'S ARNICA HAIR RESTORATIVE is the best remedy for the hair. It is a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used.

(Hemorrhoids)—Piles.

Dr. WAGNER'S OINTMENT for Piles is now well known to the public. It is used for the above troubles, and will be found to be a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used.

Dr. James,

of Boston, Mass., Author of "Consumption Cured," &c., &c., may be consulted in the world-renowned remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, at his office, No. 19 Park Place, New York. Pamphlets sent free by mail. Sold by druggists. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York.

Dr. Bigelow,

of Boston, Mass., Author of "Consumption Cured," &c., &c., may be consulted in the world-renowned remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, at his office, No. 19 Park Place, New York. Pamphlets sent free by mail. Sold by druggists. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

The Genuine ANSONIA HAIR DYE is the best and only reliable HAIR DYE in the world. The HAIR DYE MARKING TAGS and SALT-PETRE BOTTLES are counterfeited. Don't buy Hair Dye that contains Salt-Petre. Buy Hair Dye that is NATURE'S OWN HAIR DYE. The genuine is sold by druggists, hairdressers, and perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 19 Park Place, New York. Factory, Ansonia, Conn. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York. Cream for Dressing the Hair. Sold by all Druggists, &c. Factory at Ansonia, Conn. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York.

In the Year 1845

Mrs. Gen. prepared the VENETIAN HAIR DYE, and from that time was used by thousands. Its reputation has been established for twenty years, and any medicine that would prevent an old man from turning gray until 70 or 80 years of age, is not bad a service. Sold by druggists. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York.

Dr. J. M. JONES, of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Philadelphia, says:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

Dr. LOUIS WAGNER, now in charge of the Pectoral Balsam of Cinnamon and Horehound, has been in constant use in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used.

DOWLING, of New York, writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

Dr. WAGNER'S ARNICA HAIR RESTORATIVE is the best remedy for the hair. It is a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used.

(Hemorrhoids)—Piles.

Dr. WAGNER'S OINTMENT for Piles is now well known to the public. It is used for the above troubles, and will be found to be a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used.

Dr. J. J. ROBERTS, of Weston, Spalding, Linn Co., Oregon, writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

Dr. T. POOLEN, Superintendent of Almshouse, Chicago, writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

Dr. HENDEY, of the First Baptist Church, Chicago, writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

ANDREW GOWANLOCK, of Burnside, C. W., writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

ABRAHAM, Esq., of Stewartville, C. W., writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

WILSON, of Waterville, Hanover, writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

JOHN VANDUSEN, of Aurelius, Mich., writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

NASH J. PUGH, of Turman, Bottetourt Co., Va., writes:

"I have used Dr. WAGNER'S CELEBRATED PECTORAL BALSAM of Cinnamon and Horehound in my family for years, and can recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. I recommend it to my friends as the best remedy I have ever used."

Dr. Bigelow,

of Boston, Mass., Author of "Consumption Cured," &c., &c., may be consulted in the world-renowned remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, at his office, No. 19 Park Place, New York. Pamphlets sent free by mail. Sold by druggists. Depot, 19 Park Place, New York.

Banking and Exchange.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO,

Capital, ... $200,000.

No. 50 Lasalle-street.

DEPOSITORY & FISCAL AGENT.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED FOR

Loans and 10-40 Gold Bearing Bonds.

LOMBARD, JULIAN S. RUMSEY, President.

1ST NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO,

Transact a general banking business. Interest allowed on deposits. Collections made on favorable terms. Exchange on the principal cities of the United States and Europe bought and sold.

Capital, $500,000.

SARAH SELBY, Cashier.

Drugs and Chemicals.

A. H. REED & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS

No. 9 Lake-st., Chicago, Ill.

ALSO, DEAL LARGELY IN

Glue, Window Glass, Glassware, Starch, Pitch, Rosin, Oils, Kerosene, Lamp Goods, Fancy Soaps, Perfumery, Brushes, Patent Medicines, &c.

Orders solicited and promptly filled at lowest market rates.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Are extracted all those virtues which tend to repair the waste of the human system. Unlike many other so-called Bitters, they are NOT AS ALCOHOLIC MIXTURE.

A PURE TONIC,

entirely of Vegetable Substances.

THEY ARE A

POSITIVE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA

AND DISEASES RESULTING FROM

Disorders of the Liver and Digestive Organs,

such as CONSTIPATION, INWARD PILES, FULLNESS OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, NAUSEA, HEARTBURN, DISGUST FOR FOOD, FULNESS OR WEIGHT IN THE STOMACH, SOUR ERUCTATIONS, SINKING OR FLUTTERING AT THE PIT OF THE STOMACH, SWIMMING OF THE HEAD, HURRIED AND DIFFICULT BREATHING, FLUTTERING AT THE HEART, CHOKING OR SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS WHEN IN A LYING POSTURE, DIMNESS OF VISION, DOTS OR WEBS BEFORE THE SIGHT, FEVER AND DULL PAIN IN THE HEAD, DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION, YELLOWNESS OF THE SKIN AND EYES, PAIN IN THE SIDE, BACK, CHEST, LIMBS, &c., SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT, BURNING IN THE FLESH, CONSTANT IMAGININGS OF EVIL, AND GREAT DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS.

These Bitters is not an alcoholic stimulant to the nervous system, as many of the so-called tonics are, but is a substance of the very purest medicinal virtues, extracted entirely from the vegetable kingdom, containing no alcohol in its composition. The roots and herbs from which my Bitters are made grow in Germany, where they are used as a common beverage, and are entirely harmless.

Remember, that this Bitters is not an alcoholic stimulant, but a substance of the purest medicinal virtues, extracted entirely from the vegetable kingdom, containing no alcohol in its composition. The roots and herbs from which my Bitters are made grow in Germany, where they are used as a common beverage, and are entirely harmless.

Do you want something to Strengthen You?

Want a Good Appetite?

Want to Build up your Constitution?

Want to Feel Well?

Want to get rid of Nervousness?

Want Energy?

Want to Sleep Well?

Get rid of Rheumatism?

Get rid of Neuralgia?

Get rid of Nervousness?

Get rid of Dyspepsia?

Get rid of Sick Headache?

Get rid of Sick Stomach?

Get rid of Sick Nervousness?

Get rid of Sick Rheumatism?

Get rid of Sick Neuralgia?

**Get rid of Sick

Chicago Tribune.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1864.

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.—Paymaster John H. Eiggis has been stationed in this city.

PERSONAL.—James Tennent, of the well-known contraction firm of Tennent Brothers, of Liverpool and New York, is on a visit to Chicago.

HORSE.—The Hoppe monster runs, now so long deferred that it is almost forgotten, will be tried on the Cicenti Court at the ensuing November term.

MURDEROUS OUT.—On Saturday morning the 141st Regiment Volunteer Illinois Infantry (hundred dare-devil) were mustered out of the service of Uncle Sam.

FIRE.—At an early hour on Saturday morning a fire broke out in the two story frame residence No. 315 Green street, occupied by R. C. Anderson. The damage to the premises stood over $100 amount of damage had been inflicted.

HUSBAND VS. LILE.—This celebrated scandal case will be heard, on appeal, in the Circuit Court on Tuesday next, let us hope, for the last time. The award of the arbitrators is appealed from by Miss Hilesbrand.

POCKET PICKING.—A man named Chester L. Clemment, from Colchester, Mich., had his pocket picked, in a State street car, on Friday last. The injury was in a pass book in his inside coat pocket, and contained $300 in bills. The thief got off with the booty.

FIRE.—A fire broke out about a quarter before twelve o'clock last night in the building owned and occupied by J. G. Saterman, as a saloon and boarding house, No. 140 West Randolph street. No alarm was given. The fire was confined to one room, the damage done being to the extent of about $200.

GOOD TO FINDS.—The bark Western Metropolis, which, about ten days ago went ashore near Clark's Station, north of Calumet, has come to grief and is a complete wreck. She is to be insured in various companies to the amount of $40,000.

COLLISION.—On Friday an engine on the Galena Branch, near Park Station, West Side, collided with a horse and wagon, causing a general smash up. The horse was so badly injured that it was found necessary to terminate his misery by killing him.

ACCIDENT.—A little boy named Sanford B. Damon, residing with his parents on Halsted street, near Adams, was severely injured on Saturday, by his kicked by a horse, which passing behind him in the stable. His right arm and shoulder were broken and the lower jaw was fractured. His recovery is doubtful.

HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The introductory lecture to the annual course in this Institution, will be delivered this (Monday) evening at 8 o'clock, in the lower lecture room of the College, No. 148 Clark street, by Professor G. D. Beebe. The profession and public are respectfully invited to attend.

TRIED SALE OF GROCERIES.—The first auction trade sale of groceries in Chicago will be made on Wednesday next, the 12th inst., at the Grocery Exchange, No. 17 Dearborn street. Should these sales become permanent, of which we have no doubt, they will be a great boon to this important branch of our city's wholesale trade.

RUN OVER.—A boy, whose name our reporter could not learn, was yesterday run over by the North Clark street cars, outside the city limits, both his arms being cut off by the wheels. He was stunning on the front platform, holding by the "grab" and leaning out, when his clothes were caught by a projecting limb of a tree and he was drawn off, falling under the wheels of the car.

CHICAGO LAUNDRY.—RECREATION.—The Chicago Laundry, No. 151 Dearborn street, has secured one of the famous Troy Collar Machines, with all the improved attachments, operator, Mr. S. Hillswood, is now prepared to wash and iron ladies and gents collars at short notice, at the reduced price of 20 cents per dozen. Those who desire the very best work, entire satisfaction in time, quality and price should patronize the Chicago Laundry.

LARCENY.—Mary Ann Adler, formerly known as "Old Mother Whitsell," was complained of in the Police Court, on Saturday, for larceny. Fannie Richards testified that she got intoxicated at Mrs. Adler's, and while that condition was relieved of and robbed by her of money to the amount of $40, which had been concealed in her stocking. The evidence was conclusive, and Mrs. Adler was fined $100 to find bail in the sum of $500 to appear at the Recorder's Court for trial.

A WARNING TO STREET PEDDLERS.—A recently immortal German, who professed inability to converse in the English tongue, was, on Monday, yesterday brought up in the Police Court, charged with peddling apples in the street with an unlicensed cart. The accused had been warned and also been cut down about two inches from its original size. He claimed that he was not selling on his own account, but for another party, and that was no difference, and he was fined $5 and costs.

"STRONG ICE."—On Friday night the workmen in the lake tunnel came upon plentiful indications of petroleum. There is no doubt as to the boring the new artesian well, which is to yield a flood of lighting in "exhaustless quantities," as it was freely asserted on the street. However, it would be a ludicrous thing to light the streets of the city with the tunnel should be kerosene oil. The bore would then abolish two of our most prominent institutions at one fell swoop—the gas and water works.

RIVER ACCIDENT.—The canal boat "Ravena" and the bark "Dolphin" collided in the river on Saturday, and both were considerably injured. The canal boat was loaded with grain, and as she took command of the bark's port bow, made a considerable damage.

THE "DOLPHIN" sustained damage to the extent of $800, principally in her head gear. She is owned in Buffalo, and was engaged in the lumber trade.

INDECENT THANKSGIVING.—On Friday last three or four very slanderous looking fellows from De Page county, were arrested in this city for soliciting or attempting to enlist for counties outside of Cook, in opposition to the recent order of our City Fathers, which positively forbid any of the kind. They denied that they could not, for they entered the city on twenty-day furloughs, substitutes, and had, they said, their mission abroad on much errand, being of course utterly oblivious as to the existence of any law which could prevent them. The Recorder was one will prove their ground of "exemption" from punishment.

DRAFTED.—Among the gentlemen drafted in St. Louis, yesterday, we notice the name of Harry H. Hoffman, a conductor on the Chicago and Alton R. R. He is widely known in this city. We know not whether or not he intends to shoulder the musket, but, if such is his intention, numerous friends will wish him success in the field, as in wishing that he may aid in convincing the war to speedy termination, we find that in helping to run the rebels off the track, he will find himself to have Given as much satisfaction as heretofore.

NORTH WARD ATTENTION.—Every man who is in favor of the re election of Abraham Lincoln, is expected to be at the Wigwam, Wednesday Park tonight (Oct. 10th) at 7½ o'clock, sharp. Hon. J. D. Ward, A. C. Sierra, D. D. Driscoll, and other good speakers will positively address the meeting.

THE WIDE AWAKES.—The Lincoln and the 9th Ward Glee Club will sing some of their stirring campaigning songs. Let all who are in favor of the election of Abe and Andy, Dick and the Deacon, turn out and we will have a rouser.

CAUGHT.—Two shades employed at the Sherman House, one as a waiter and the other as a cook, have been in the habit of appropriating to themselves the groceries of the establishment and carrying them off in baskets to work into pastry for a "grand supper" to come off in a day or two. On Sunday, the night watch discovered sundry baskets lying in a dark alley, and upon examination found them to contain, sugar, eggs, &c. He removed them and soon found the darkies looking for their property. They were promptly arrested and locked up at the Central Station.

MILITARY ITEMS.—The 4th regiment Veteran Reserve Corps arrived here yesterday, from Washington, on the way to Rock Island. They number about four hundred men.

At about o'clock last night, the 42d Wisconsin infantry, on the way to Nashville. They are a new regiment, and did not about nine hundred strong. They were out on a visit some o'clock, on the Chicago Air Line.

The 2d Wisconsin light artillery, Lieut. H. F. Hubbard commanding, arrived at the West yesterday, on the way to Rock Island. They will number fifty-two men, and are to be mustered out of service at Milwaukee.

WASHINGTON SKATING PARK.—A meeting of the newly elected Directors of the Washington Skating Park was held recently, S. S. Hayes in the chair. The following were elected as officers to serve during the coming year:

President—Alfred Cowles
Vice Presidents—S. DeClerq.
Treasurer—H. Richards.
Secretary—George C. Sumner.
Trustee—G. T. Bedford, W. A. Root and S. S. Hayes.

The following were fixed upon as the prices of tickets for the season: Gentlemen, $5; ladies $3; boys, $4.

ASSAULT AND ROBBERY.—One of the most important offenders ever committed in Chicago was perpetrated about 7 o'clock on Saturday evening by Mr. B. L. Wilson, a resident of the city, at the house of No 31 Washington street, when he was set upon by three men, thrown down, ragged and robbed of his overcoat and $60 in money, which he had in his pocket taken boldly with its contents, which, however, he says he has no doubt the villains would have been frightened, as they did not stop to ride his other pockets, leaving the $60 in the pocket of the overcoat. Mr. Wilson received just in time to see them turning the corner into Wabash avenue. The police are on the lookout for them.

HEIGHT OF DISCOURTESIES.—About eleven o'clock on Friday night a disturbance took place between some of the men and four commissioned officers of the 100th Regiment, Col. Tal. Ai. at a saloon on the corner of Madison and Dearborn streets, kept by one Frank Kelly. The officers received a severe drubbing and one bullet was shot through the wall of the room in the Dearborn street. Sergeant Moore and Corporal Keller of the 1st regiment were commanded to quell the disturbance, but leaving to their own inclinations, the former, Moore, repaired at the door to Captain Rose, of the Provost Guard, close where occurs the revellers immediately dispersed.

CAPTURE OF A DESERTER.—Late on Friday night Officer Donnelly, of the Third Precinct Police, captured a deserter named Wm. Rowe, or better known as "Buck," in Donnelly's saloon, on Clark street. The prisoner is a Corporal in Co. 1, 3d Illinois cavalry, and deserted a few months since from Camp Butler. He was found in his pockets. At the time of the arrest, about twenty persons were in the saloon. Several of them were in the act of drinking. Several persons, Rowe, Hale or two others were fired. One person was struck in the thigh, and another in the head. Both of the wounded parties refused to have the ball and pistol shot from the house and the latter of the offenders were placed in the custody of Patrolman Hatfield.

GOOD CHANCE THROWN AWAY.—The Cook County Democratic Institute, under the direction of Colonel P. Hamilton, School Commissioner, closed a session of two days' duration on Friday evening. The attendance was not so large as could have been the case if notice of meetings had been given. Mr. Hamilton, Mr. A. A. Austin, of Rose Hill, and others addressed the meeting. Mr. Hamilton, Mr. Austin and Mr. Wade and Mr. Hamilton, of Chicago, were elected to represent the county in the State Convention.

THE TRUNK MURDER.—Coroner Wolfe has been engaged during the past week in investigating the circumstances attending the murder of the woman found in a trunk at the depot of the Michigan Southern Railroad. The jury rendered a verdict that the deceased came to her death by strangulation at the hands of some person unknown to the jury. The body was identified by Mrs. Bridget Ryan, who resides on Clark street, near Harrison, as that of her daughter, Mary Ryan, who left her home on Wednesday last, and has not been seen since. The deceased was about twenty-two years of age, and was employed as a seamstress at the time of her death.

ARREST OF A SUPPOSED MURDERER.—Officer Hoffman, of the Third Precinct Police, arrested a man named Thomas Hogan, on Saturday, on the charge of murdering a man named Thomas Hogan, on the night of the 4th inst. The murdered man was found in a vacant lot on Clybourn avenue, near Division street, on the morning of the 5th inst., with his throat cut from ear to ear. The prisoner was taken before Justice Miller, and remanded to jail to await the action of the Coroner's jury.

THE DRAFT.

Still Suspended—Examination of Drafted Conscientious Objectors—Meetings.

Notwithstanding the decisive order issued by Colonel Goss in relation to the immediate interchangement of the draft in delinquent districts, no drawing was made in Cook county on Saturday, and in all probability the draft will not be commenced until Tuesday. This suspension is rendered necessary by the impossibility of the enrolling officers to complete the examination of cases already drafted. Single examinations are not proceeding so satisfactorily as could be desired, and in several instances, it is said, where a second draft will have to be made, as less than half the quota has been obtained by the first conscription.

EXAMINATION OF DRAFTED MEN.

The examination of drafted men was continued on Saturday at the office of the Provost Marshal; 100 men were summoned to appear from the towns of Calumet, Lemont, and Lyons, but nearly one half failed to put in an appearance, and are consequently liable to be treated as deserters.

In Calumet, 56 men were summoned, of whom 25 did not report themselves, 2 furnished substitutes, 15 were exempted on account of physical disability, 9 released for other causes, and 14 held for personal service.

In Lemont, out of 40 men who were duly notified, 24, or more than one half failed to appear. 3 furnished substitutes, 6 were physically disabled from performing military duty, 3 were exempted for other causes, and 9 held to serve Uncle Sam in person.

Lyons was the next town in order, and the last one for the day. 16 men received summons to report for examination. Of these thirty-one are to be numbered among the deserters, eight were exempted on account of physical disability, 17 for other causes, such as alliance or nationality, and 1 furnished a substitute, and 3 were accepted to recruit the ranks of the Federal armies. As fast as accepted the conscripts are taken in charge by attached guards, and as soon as practicable are arrayed in the garments of blue and transmitted to Springfield to be placed in their assigned companies.

ENLISTMENTS.

The number of recruits—volunteers, substitutes and representatives—mustered in on Saturday amounted to about 7, who were credited to the various towns and wards which presented them. We have not been able to obtain the accurate apportionments, and consequently cannot give the table of credits for that day. The same will be assigned and credited to the Seventh Ward, causing the deficit to be reduced to eleven. The Sixth Ward, it is believed, has now presented their full number of men and are out of the draft.

The Second Ward had filled its quota on Friday by a typographical error, they were at 11 charged with a deficit of 15 in the TRIBUNE of Saturday.

MEETING AT SAUGANASH.

A meeting will be held this (Sunday) evening, at Nettnyer's saloon. Let all men liable to draft attend it. There will certainly be another draft unless the quota is filled by volunteering. Men of the Sixth Ward, come together and work. The draft No. 2 can be averted, and the consequence of No. 1 met by prompt action.

SECOND WARD.

The Seventh Ward is recruiting fast, and all the subscribers to the Ward Fund who were drafted have responded. At a meeting of the Ward Committee will be held at Gothard Schaaf's saloon, on Twelfth street, this (Sunday) afternoon at two o'clock, when all the members are urged, and, who have not yet subscribed to the Ward Fund, will do so. Professor G. D. Beebe will address the meeting. The profession and public are respectfully invited to attend.

THIRD WARD.

The Second Ward has filled its quota on Friday by a typographical error, they were at 11 charged with a deficit of 15 in the TRIBUNE of Saturday.

A meeting will be held this (Sunday) evening, at Nettmyer's saloon. Let all men liable to draft attend it. There will certainly be another draft unless the quota is filled by volunteering. Men of the Sixth Ward, come together and work. The draft No. 2 can be averted, and the consequence of No. 1 met by prompt action.

SEVENTH WARD.

The Seventh Ward is recruiting fast, and all the subscribers to the Ward Fund who were drafted have responded. At a meeting of the Ward Committee will be held at Gothard Schaaf's saloon, on Twelfth street, this (Sunday) afternoon at two o'clock, when all the members are urged, and, who have not yet subscribed to the Ward Fund, will do so. Professor G. D. Beebe will address the meeting. The profession and public are respectfully invited to attend.

The Third Ward has filled its quota on Friday by a typographical error, they were at 11 charged with a deficit of 15 in the TRIBUNE of Saturday.

A meeting will be held this (Sunday) evening, at Nettmyer's saloon. Let all men liable to draft attend it. There will certainly be another draft unless the quota is filled by volunteering. Men of the Sixth Ward, come together and work. The draft No. 2 can be averted, and the consequence of No. 1 met by prompt action.

SECOND WARD.

The Seventh Ward is recruiting fast, and all the subscribers to the Ward Fund who were drafted have responded. At a meeting of the Ward Committee will be held at Gothard Schaaf's saloon, on Twelfth street, this (Sunday) afternoon at two o'clock, when all the members are urged, and, who have not yet subscribed to the Ward Fund, will do so. Professor G. D. Beebe will address the meeting. The profession and public are respectfully invited to attend.

THIRD WARD.

The Second Ward has filled its quota on Friday by a typographical error, they were at 11 charged with a deficit of 15 in the TRIBUNE of Saturday.

A meeting will be held this (Sunday) evening, at Nettmyer's saloon. Let all men liable to draft attend it. There will certainly be another draft unless the quota is filled by volunteering. Men of the Sixth Ward, come together and work. The draft No. 2 can be averted, and the consequence of No. 1 met by prompt action.

SEVENTH